



DNA DIAGNOSTIC

## Mastit 4BD

- *Staphylococcus aureus*
- *Streptococcus agalactiae*
- *Streptococcus uberis*
- *Mycoplasma bovis*
- *Mycoplasma species*
- *Streptococcus dysgalactiae*
- *Penicillin resistance gene*  
*β-lactamase from Staphylococci*
- *Coagulase Negative Staphylococci*

Cat. No.: M4BDC55

USER MANUAL

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## 1. PRINCIPLE OF THE TEST

The Mastit 4 test with Cat. No. **M4BD** can be used for screening of 384 milk samples for eight targets:

M4B	M4D
<i>Mycoplasma bovis</i>	<i>Mycoplasma species</i>
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>	<i>Penicillin resistance gene</i> <i>B-lactamase from Staphylococci</i>
<i>Streptococcus agalactiae</i>	<i>Coagulase negative staphylococcus (CNS)</i>
<i>Streptococcus uberis</i>	<i>Streptococcus dysgalactiae</i>

Mastit 4 is the name of a family of fast, sensitive, and easy to use tests for detection of four mastitis causing bacteria species in each qPCR reaction. Mastit 4 testing involves an easy-to-do DNA extraction from 0.5 mL milk samples followed by a fast qPCR reaction. Test results can be acquired in 3 hours with very little hands on time. The Mastit 4 tests can be used on bulk tank milk or individual milk samples. The samples can be preserved or non-preserved.

Each of the two qPCR tests in M4BD use approximately 1/12 of the purified DNA as template. The remaining DNA can be used for testing with other Mastit 4 variants or stored at -20°C for later use.

Each qPCR reaction contains four sets of primers and fluorescence probes for specific detection of four bacteria. A fifth set of primers and probe detects an internal amplification control (IAC).

The qPCR instrument generates an amplification plot and Ct-values (Cycle at threshold). Each of the four bacteria probes emit a specific light (color) enabling the identification of bacteria present in the sample.

The tests use the standard 96 well plate format and ready-to-use reaction mixes. The test requires only pipettes, a vacuum aspirator, a centrifuge, a thermal heating block and a qPCR instrument.

## 2. KIT COMPONENTS AND STORAGE

The Mastit 4BD kit contains material for testing 4x96 samples. One kit contains three boxes, one for storage at room temperature and two for storage at -20°C.

Box for storage at **room temperature** contains:

- Four sealed Deep Well Plates each with 96 wells containing a solution.
- Four bottles with Wash Buffer, 100 mL each.
- Four 96 Well Plates (0.2 mL clear tubes) with caps.
- 12 pieces of sealing tapes for Deep Well plates.
- Eight 96 cap mats for the qPCR 96 Well Plates.

Box I for storage at **-20°C** contains:

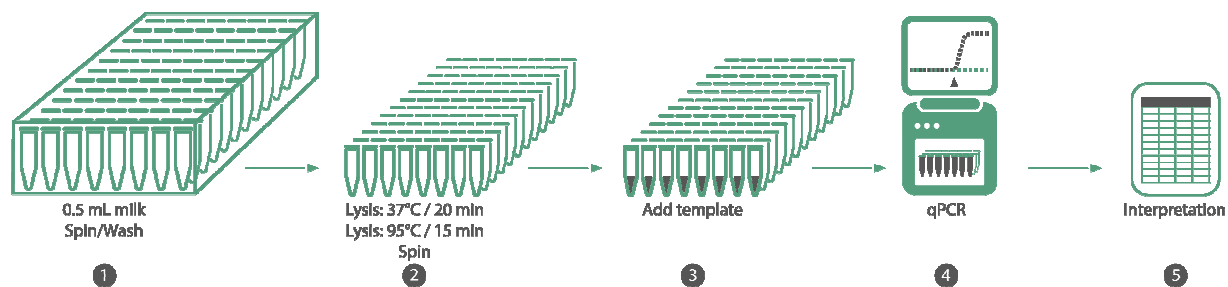
- Two bottles with Lysis Buffer-I, 10800 µL each.
- Two yellow capped tubes with Mix I Additive for Lysis Buffer-I, 1200 µL each.
- Four sealed 96 Well Plates (0.2 mL white tubes) with qPCR Master Mix M4B.

Box II for storage at **-20°C** contains:

- Four sealed 96 Well Plates (0.2 mL white tubes) with qPCR Master Mix M4D.

## 3. REQUIRED EQUIPMENT

- Centrifuge for 96 well plates, centrifuge must be capable of running at 5000xg at 37°C
- Pipettes and sterile filter tips
- Incubation oven at 37°C
- Plate washer / vacuum system to aspirate supernatant from Deep Well Plates (Biorad DW40 can be used)
- PCR instrument for 37°C and 95°C incubations during lysis. Alternatively, the qPCR machine can be used.
- qPCR instrument, e.g Biorad CFX96 touch



## 4. PROTOCOL

### DNA purification

1. Spin a 96 Deep Well Plate 1 min at 1000 g and remove seal. Add 0.5 ml milk sample to each of the wells. Cover wells with sealing tape.
2. Incubate the Deep Well Plate at 37°C for 10 min.
3. Spin Deep Well Plate with milk at 37°C and 5000xg for 5 min. and discard sealing tape. Remove supernatants from the top with tips connected to a vacuum system. Be careful not to touch or remove the bacterial pellets.
4. Add 1 mL Wash Buffer to each tube. Cover with sealing tape.
5. Spin at 5000xg and at 37°C for 5 min. and discard sealing tape. Remove supernatants from the top with tips connected to a vacuum system. Be careful not to touch or remove the bacterial pellets. It is important to remove the supernatant completely.
6. Prepare fresh Lysis-I Mix by adding 6  $\mu\text{L}$  *Mix I additive* to 54  $\mu\text{L}$  *Lysis buffer-I* and mix.

Lysis-I Mix	1 reaction	9 reaction	100 reactions
Lysis Buffer-I	54 $\mu\text{L}$	486 $\mu\text{L}$	5400 $\mu\text{L}$
Mix I additive	6 $\mu\text{L}$	54 $\mu\text{L}$	600 $\mu\text{L}$
TOTAL	60 $\mu\text{L}$	540 $\mu\text{L}$	6000 $\mu\text{L}$

7. Add 60  $\mu\text{L}$  Lysis-I Mix, to each pellet and cover with sealing tape. Vortex the Deep Well plate 10 seconds and spin 20 seconds at 1000xg to bring Lysis mix to the tube bottoms.
8. Remove caps from 96 well plate with clear 0.2 mL tubes.
9. Use an 8-channel pipette with filter tips for transfer of 60  $\mu\text{L}$  from each well of the Deep Well Plate into the corresponding tubes in the 96 well plate (clear 0.2 mL). Close tubes with the caps. Avoid cross contamination. Use one new tip per tube.
10. Incubate the 96 well plate at 37°C for 20 min.
11. Incubate the 96 well plate at 95°C for 15 min.
12. Cool the 96 well plate on ice for 5 min

Note: The incubation at 37°C and 95°C can be done using a PCR instrument programmed: 37°C for 20 min. → 95°C for 15 min. → 4°C for 5 min.

13. Centrifuge the 96 well plate at 5000xg for 5 min. at room temperature. Note it is important to use a 96 tube support for the 96 well plate during centrifugation.
14. Carefully remove the caps from the 96 well plate. Use an 8-channel pipette with filter tips to transfer 5 µL of each aqueous phase directly to the corresponding tubes of the 96 well plate with qPCR Master Mix in step 18.
15. The remaining purified DNA can be stored at -20°C for long time storage.

### qPCR analysis

16. Take a 96 Well Plate with qPCR Master Mix (white 0.2 mL tubes) from -20°C, place on ice for five minutes and spin 20 seconds at 1000xg to bring qPCR Master Mix to the tube bottoms.
17. Discard the seal from the 96 Well Plate with qPCR Master Mix and place the 96 well plate on ice.
18. Transfer 5 µL purified DNA from step 14 to each of the corresponding tubes in the 96 well plate containing 15 µL qPCR Master Mix.

Note: It is important to keep Master Mix on ice while loading template and to run the qPCR within 15 min.

19. Carefully close the qPCR tubes with a new optical lid. Spin the tubes briefly before transfer of the 96 Well Plate qPCR reactions to the qPCR instrument. Note it is important to keep the optical lids clean.
20. Repeat step 16-19 with M4L qPCR Master Mix.

### Instrument guideline settings for the CFX96 Touch

21. Threshold settings:

Fluorophore	Quasar 750	FAM	HEX	ROX	CY5
Threshold	750	750	750	750	750
Baseline	“User defined” 10-15	“User defined” 10-15	“User defined” 10-15	“User defined” 10-15	“User defined” 10-15

The guidelines for setting baseline and threshold should be checked manually to ensure that threshold lines are in the exponentially area of the amplification plot and above the background.

22. *Baseline Correction*. Select “Baseline subtracted curve fit”.

23. Activate the following filters: FAM, HEX, Texas Red, CY5 and Quasar 705.

24. Run qPCR with the following cycling parameters:

Temperature	Time	Cycles	Comment
95°C	1 min.	1	Heat activation
95°C	5 sec.	40	Amplification  * Read fluorescence for for FAM, HEX, Texas Red, CY5, Quasar 705 at the end of each extension step.
60°C	25 sec.*		

Ramp rate should be set for 2,5 °C / sec

## 5. INTERPRETATION OF TEST RESULTS

Generate amplification plots showing:

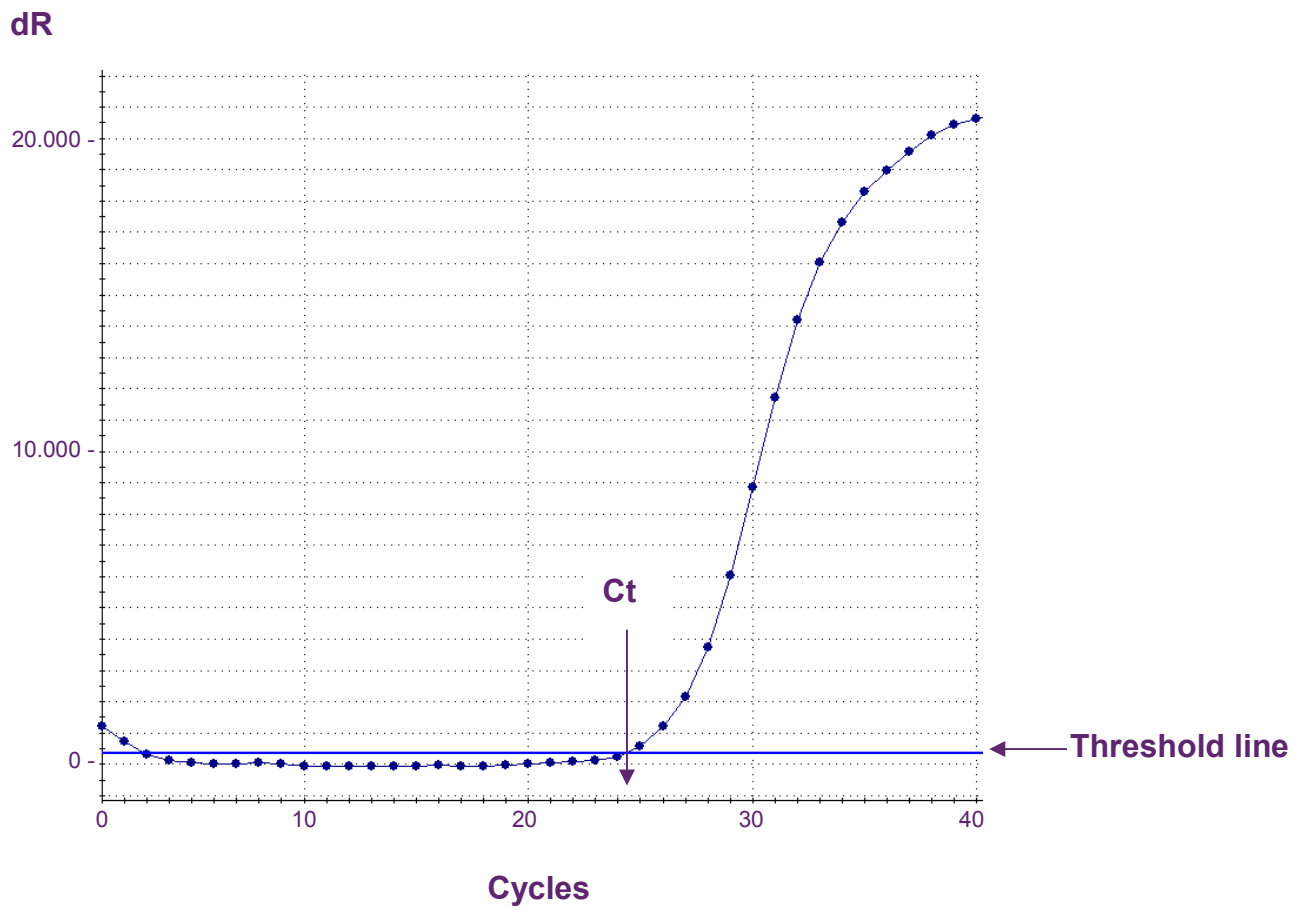
- Thermal cycles on the X-axis.
- Background subtracted fluorescence (dR) on the Y-axis.
- Ct values are calculated automatically by the instrument.
- **Samples with Ct values below 37** are considered as true positive.
- **Samples with Ct values above 37** should be consider negative.
- **An IAC amplification** signal in the Quasar 705 filter should be present in all reactions. The IAC Ct-value must be below 32 for the test to be valid. Ct above 32 is only accepted when the reaction is highly positive (low Ct-value) for one of the bacteria in the test.

## INTERPRETATION TABLE

Master mix	qPCR target	Filter	Positive Ct	Negative Ct	Retest Ct
M4B	<i>Streptococcus uberis</i>	CY5	≤37	None or >37	
	<i>Streptococcus agalactiae</i>	TEXAS RED	≤37	None or >37	
	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>	HEX	≤37	None or >37	
	<i>Mycoplasma bovis</i>	FAM	≤37	None or >37	
	IAC	Quasar 705	≤32		>32 or absent
M4D	<i>Mycoplasma species</i>	CY5	≤37	None or >37	
	Penicillin resistance gene β-lactamase from Staphylococci	TEXAS RED	≤37	None or >37	
	Coagulase Negative Staphylococci	HEX	≤37	None or >37	
	<i>Streptococcus dysgalactiae</i>	FAM	≤37	None or >37	
	IAC	Quasar 705	≤32		>32 or absent

If the IAC Ct is >32 or absent, the purified DNA should be diluted 10 times and a new qPCR reaction should be analyzed using this diluted DNA. A dilution of 10 times will theoretical move Ct values 3.3 higher than undiluted.





Amplification plot with X-axis showing cycle number and Y-axis showing background subtracted fluorescence. The threshold line is used to find the Ct value. Ct is the intersection between the amplification curve and the threshold line. The threshold line is calculated automatically by the instrument. In this example Ct = 24.4



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### For more information, contact

DNA Diagnostic A/S  
Voldbjergvej 14  
8240 Risskov  
Denmark  
Tel.: +45 8732 3050  
E-mail: [info@dna-diagnostic.com](mailto:info@dna-diagnostic.com)  
[www.dna-diagnostic.com](http://www.dna-diagnostic.com)

*DNA Diagnostic A/S was established in 1992. DNA Diagnostic A/S is an ISO 9001 and ISO 13485 certified developer, manufacturer, and worldwide supplier of PCR based in vitro diagnostic kits.*

**Cat. No.: M4BDC55**

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